The Atomic to Molecular (HI-to-H2) Transition in Galaxy Star-Forming Regions

Amiel Sternberg¹ Cambria 14pt, centered

¹ School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Ramat Aviv 69978, Israel

The atomic to molecular hydrogen (HI-to-H2) phase transition is of fundamental importance for starformation and the emergence of chemical complexity in the interstellar medium of galaxies. I will present an overview, and discuss recent theoretical studies, numerical and analytic, of the HI-to-H2 transition in irradiated systems, with applications to the multi-scale behavior observed in turbulent star-forming galaxy disks from low- to high-redshift.

References (Cambria 10 pt, bold face, aligned to the left)

Sternberg A., Le Petit, F., Roueff, E., & Le Bourlot, J., ApJ 790, 10 (2014)
Bialy S., & Sternberg A., ApJ 822, 83 (2016)
Bialy S. Burkhart B., & Sternberg A., ApJ 843 92 (2017)